*UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

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TYPE ALL ENTRIES	TO COMPLETE NATIONAL COMPLETE APPLICABLE	A <i>L REGISTER FORMS</i> LE SECTIONS	
NAME			·
HISTORIC INTERNATIONAL T	EUST COMPANY	BUILDING- (metors	
AND/OR COMMON			/
LOCATION			
STREET & NUMBER 39-47 MILK 50	CEET	NOT FOR PUBLICATION	
CITY, TOWN		CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT	112/2
FOSTON _	VICINITY OF	COUNTY	CODE
MA.	025	SUFFERE	2.25
CLASSIFICATION			: ; ;
CATEGORY OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRESENT	USE
DISTRICTPUBLIC	_OCCUPIED		IUSEUM
YSUILDING Y PRIVATE	X-UNOCCUPIED		ARK
STRUCTUREBOTH	_WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONALP	RIVATE RESIDENC
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OBJECTIN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENTS	CIENTIFIC
BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INOUSTRIALT	RANSPORTATION
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OWNER OF PROPERTY NAME FRANK SANVER / SIX STREET & NUMBER 39 YILK ST CITY, TOWN	ITY-FIVE BEDFOR	STATE	GOVD
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CONDITION

_EXCELLENT _G00D

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CHECK ONE

ACRIGINAL SITE

MOVED

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE International Trust Company

The building is located on Milk Street near the heart of the Downtown Financial District. It is in close proximity to Washington Street and the Old South Church Post Office Square, and two major new bank buildings, and is within five minutes of Park-Street, Covernment Genter, and the Washington Street shopping area. The immediate area is characterized by a mix of 4 and 5 story post-fire commercial buildings, 8 to 15 story turn-of-the-century elevator office buildings, and modern high-rise office towers.

The International Trust Company Building is a nine-story office building, Afive bays wide and deep, measuring approximately 100 feet on each side and 125 feet from sidewalk to cornice line. It is constructed of load-bearing masonry piers and walls set into a re-Juncretings. This properties. This properties and has composition roof.

Designed inforced concrete foundation, with floors supported on steel Ibeams. This proto-skelton frame is faced with buff-colored Indiana limestone and has plinths of polished Quincy granite and a flat,

Designed by the prominent Boston architect, William G. Preston, the building was built in two stages. The original portion, completed in 1893, was 8 stories high and 2 bays wide on Milk Street, extanding the full five bays back along Devonshire. Built by the noted Boston firm of Gooch & Pray, this earlier building used portions of the foundation and internal structure of its predecessor, the fivestory 'Iron Building'.

Preston enlarged the 1893 building substantially in 1906, by extending it along Milk to Arch Street (adding a central bay and two end bays which duplicated the two originals) and adding a story to the top. In the process, he converted the originally offset arched entrance on the Milk Street facade to a window, and replaced the earlier heavy, bracketed stone cornice with a lighter copper one (which is now missing). This addition matched the original scrupulously, in terms of material, style, and ornament, so that there are now no noticeable seams separating old from new construction. The addition did, however, alter the building's overall proportions, making it appear blockier and less columnar.

Contemporary references to the building's style describe it as "a combination of Renaissance and Romanesque", or, more simply, "Roman Renaissance", although to the modern eye the 'Renaissance' or Beaux-Arts elements clearly predominate. The five arcaded twostory window bays on the bottom floors of each of the three dressed facades form the building's base. These are separated by modified Corinthian pilasters and punctuated at the top with baroque cartouches, and the section is topped with a projecting, molded string course. Due to a sloping grade towards Devonshire Street, the basement floor along that facade is at street level. Low entranceways decorated with ornate cast-iron grillwork at the Milk/Devonshire corner lead directly to this basement floor, where the safe deposit vaults were originally located.

__PREHISTORIC

-ARCHEULUGY-PREHISTORIC

__ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC

__COMMUNITY PLANNING __CONSERVATION

__EDUCATION

__INVENTION

_LANOSCAPE ARCHITECTURE __LAW

-RELIGION

__1400-1499 1500-1599

AGRICULTURE

__ECONOMICS __LITERATURE _SCIENCE

_1600-1699 1700-1799 XARCHITECTURE

__MILITARY

_SCULPTURE _SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN

X1800-1899

__COMMERCE

_ENGINEERING

-MUSIC

_THEATER

¥1900-

_COMMUNICATIONS

_EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT __INDUSTRY

__PHILOSOPHY __POLITICS/GOVERNMENT _TRANSPORTATION _OTHER (SPECIFY)

SPECIFIC DATES

17.12,1106

BUILDER/ARCHITECT 1/2 20 CHOOSE FOREST 1/3

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

The International Trust Company is significant architecturally in three areas; as a major work or a prominent Boston architect, an early example of Beaux-Arts office Construction, and an early example of proto-skeleton frame construction,

The building's architect, William Gibbons Preston (1844-1910) studied for a short time at the Ecole des Beaux-Arts in Paris. At first in association with his well-known father Jonathan, and later on his own, Preston designed major Boston buildings in the French Academic, Romanesque, Queen Anne and Renaissance Revival manners, including the Museum of Natural History (now Bonwit Teller), the oldest portion of the Hotel Vendome, the First Corps of Cadets Armory, and the Chadwick Lead Works. also designed numerous Back Bay residences, demonstrating his facile command of the eclectic architectural vocabulary of the late 19th Century.

The International Trust Company Building, designed in the latter part of his career, may be his earliest Beaux-Arts design and is certainly a major work of a prominent Boston architect.

As an early example of Beaux-Arts facade treatment on a commercial structure, the International Trust Company Building anticipates the popularity of that style, especially for large-scale or public buildings, following the World's Columbian Exposition in Chicago in 1893. Though it retains some elements of the previously popular Romanesque Style, the building possess a monumentality, a formality of facade organization, and an ornateness of detail which derive from the Beaux-Arts tradition and which mark it as an example of the 'mercantile classicism' which was soon to predominate in office architecture.

The new method of building construction based on the steel skeleton frame, developed by the so-called 'Chicago School' of architects in the 1880's and in wide use there by 1893, had an enormous impact on the scale and design of American commercial architecture. Nevertheless, these advances were slow to catch on in traditionally-minded Boston. Thus the construction of the International Trust Company Building, combining the use of traditional load-bearing masonry walls with 'modern' (and

Still somewhat daring) reinforced concrete and steel framing, stands as an early Boston example of the usa of these new methods and materials.

	MAJOR BIBLIO	FRAPHICAL REFE	RENCES		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
	1. DAMRELL, CHARLES S., A	A HALF- CENTURY OF BOSTO	DUS ZUILDING, LOUS,	P. HAGER, BOSTON.	895 0 38 214
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	3. WITHEY, HENRY F. AND ANGELES, 1956 PP. 486-7.	FLSIE RATHBUON WITHEY	BICGRAPHICAL DET	TONARY OF AMERICAN	ACCHITECTS, LOS
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7. Description contid

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The rectangular central entrance on Milk Street is topped by a heavy projecting Baroque pediment supported on paired consoles, flanked by large, arched windows with voluted keystones and relief-carved griffins in the spandrels. The oxeye windows in the center of the Arch and Devonshire Street facades are surrounded by foliate carving, and framed by large allegorical figures carved by the noted New York sculptor Max Bachman (whose most notable work was the series of allegorical figures on the Pulitzer Building in New York.)

The five-story shaft or main section of the building is divided into three horizontal segments. A bottom story of arcaded, round-arched windows with deep reveals and molded extrados is clearly derived from the work of H. H. Richardson. The middle three-story segment is composed of three bays of miltiple windows separated by foliate relief-carved spandrels, and framed within carved, molded surrounds. A top story of rectangular windows separated by paired colonettes has wider, panelled divisions which continue the lines of the bay separations below. The entire section is capped with a rinceau-carved frieze, and is framed in on the Arch and Devonshire facades by small, rectangular windows set into wide stone piers at the ends of each floor.

The bottom story of the two-story section repeats the arcaded floor of round-arched windows below, except that the intermediate pilasters are fluted and, again, wider separations continue the window bay divisions below. The added top story is composed of small, rectangular windows divided by paired consoles which mirror those in the entrance pediment. The window bay divisions are marked on this floor by high relief cartouches which, like much of the carved decoration, derive from the Beaux-Arts tradition. The light color, smooth finish, and tight mortar joints of the stone facing are also evocative of Beaux-Arts monumentality and classicism.

No alterations have occurred since the major addition in 1906 except for a small mechanical roof top sometime to house mechanical equipment and a small canopy at the main entrance.

8. Significance cont'd

The building's historical significance derives from its origin as the home office of a major New England trust company. As such, it reflects the growth of banking and finance in late 19th Century Boston, and the growth of the downtown pusiness district, with consequent changes in land use.

The International Trust Company was founded in 1879, in the wake of Boston's rapid recovery from the Panic of 1873. Originally housed in a five-story building built shortly after the 1872 Fire, the firm's steady growth in the boom years of the 1880's and early 90's caused it to undertake the construction of a new home office on the same site, in 1893. By this time, the firm was among the four or five largest in New England, boasting combined assets of about 7 million dollars.

\cup NITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES PROPERTY MAP FORM

RECEIVED FOR NPS USE ONLY DATE ENTERED

SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- ENCLOSE WITH MAP

NAME

HISTORIC

International Trust Co. Building

AND/OR COMMON

LOCATION

CITY, TOWN

Boston

VICINITY OF

COUNTY

Suffolk

Massachusetts STATE

MAP REFERENCE

SOURCE

Boston Redevelopment Authority Photogrametric Series

SCALE

1"=100"

DATE 1965

REQUIREMENTS

TO BE INCLUDED ON ALL MAPS

1. PROPERTY BOUNDARIES

2. NORTH ARROW

3. UTM REFERENCES

INT: 2986-75



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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES PROPERTY PHOTOGRAPH FORM

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NAME

HISTORIC International Trust Co. Building

LOCATION

AND/OR COMMON

CITY, TOWN

Boston

_VICINITY OF

Suffolk

STATE Massachusetts

PHOTO REFERENCE

Boston Redevelopment Authority, Pierce Pearmaman

July 1977

Boston Redevelopment Authority, Boston, MA

IDENTIFICATION

DESCRIBE VIEW, DIRECTION, ETC. IF DISTRICT, GIVE BUILDING NAME & STREET

View of north (front) elevation

PHOTO NO



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

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PROPERTY MAP FORM DATE ENTERED

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NAME

HISTORIC International Trust Co. Building

AND/OR COMMON

LOCATION

CITY, TOWN Boston

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MAP REFERENCE

SOURCE U.S.G.S.

SCALE 1"=24,000'

DATE 1970

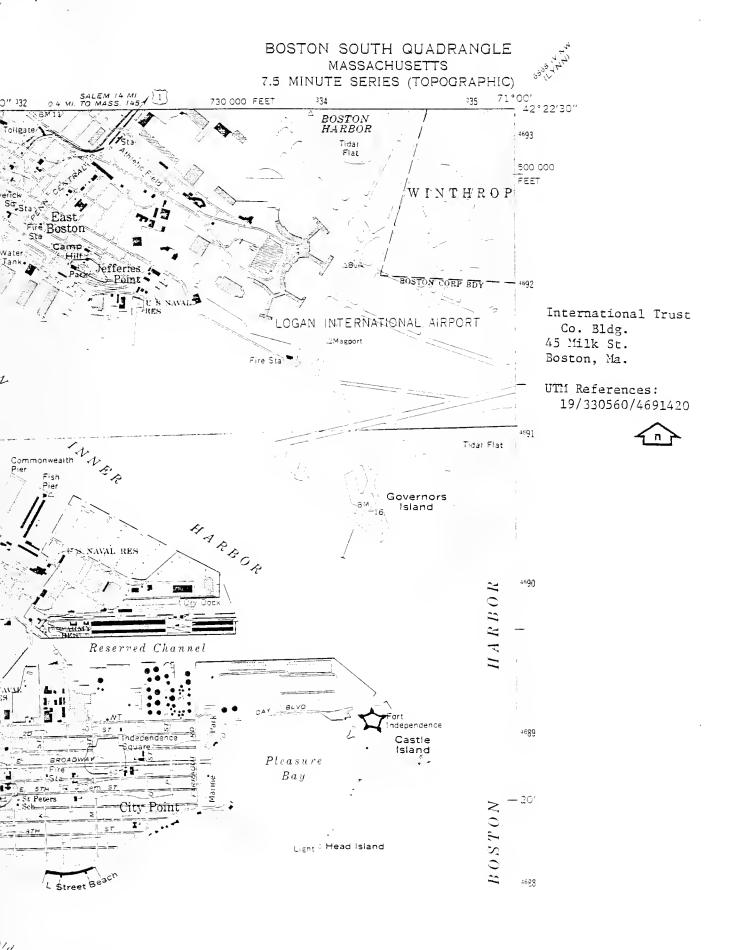
REQUIREMENT'S

TO BE INCLUDED ON ALL MAPS

- 1. PROPERTY BOUNDARIES
- 2. NORTH ARROW

3. UTM REFERENCES

INT: 2986-75



COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS



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Themes (check as m	any as a	pplicable)		
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Significance (include explanation of themes checked above)

of the proto-skeleton frame construction. Historically significant as the home office of a major New England trust company, reflecting both the growth of banking and finance in late 19th century Boston and the growth of the downtown business district.

Architect Wm. Gibbons Preston (1844-1910) studied for a short time at the Ecole des Beaux-Arts and is known for several major Beston builsings in the French academic, Romanesque, Queen Anne and Renaissance Revival manner including the Museum of Natural History (now Bonwit Teller), the oldest section of the Hotel Vendome, the First Corps of Cadets Armory, and numerous Back Bay residences, all of which demonstrate his facile command of the eclectic architectural vocabulary of the late 19th century.

<u>Preservation Consideration</u> (accessibility, re-use possibilities, capacity for public use and enjoyment, protection, utilities, context)

Vacant since 1973, the building has suffered weather damage and has been stripped of much interior plumbing and hardware. The building is still considered structurally sound and, because of its prime location, is regarded as a favorable candidate for re-use. Present owner's application to demolish the building and use the land for a 57-space parking lot was denied in early 1977.

Designated a Boston Landmark on 4/25/78.

Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

1. Report of the Boston Landmarks Commission on the potential designation of the International Trust Company Building as a Landmark under Chapter 772 of the Acts of 1975 (1977) —includes extensive bibliography.